Crayons and Markers e-Award with Shelley



1. How are crayons made? What are the eight main colours of crayons and markers?

When the wax arrives at the place where crayons are made it is hard. It needs to be melted. They have to make the wax very hot to keep it liquid like water. They store the liquid in

HUGE heated tanks.

3.

They use cool water on the mould, which makes the crayons go hard. It only takes 4 to 7 minutes for the crayons to go hard. When they are hard the machine pushes them out and a grabby machine takes them to go get labels.

watch https://bit.ly/3yrU8of Discover UK: How crayons are made

2. What are crayons made of?

Crayons are made from paraffin wax and non-toxic powdered pigment (the colour).



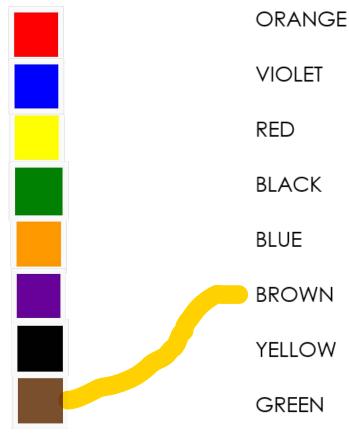
2.

Then the colour is mixed in, they have to use powdered colour because paraffin wax won't mix with water. Mixing is very important so there are no bubbles in the crayons. Bubbles make the crayons

Bubbles make the crayons break.

They label 1 colour at a time. Then the crayons are sorted and put into the boxes ready for you to get creative

Match the colour to the name





3. What happens if a crayon gets hot?



It will start to bend and melt

4. Name a boy who had a coat of many colours. (Trace the letters below)



5. Draw or colour a picture of Joseph and his coat.

TAKE A PHOTO OF YOUR JOSEPH PICTURE AND PASTE IT HERE

6. Draw or colour a picture with markers

TAKE A PHOTO PASTE IT HERE

7. Why do markers need a cap?

So they don't dry out. A marker is filled with ink. The ink, evaporates (disappears into the air). The cap traps the evaporating ink inside the marker.



